Safety Data Sheet

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product Identifier

Product code    KC10
Product name    KUSTOM KLEANER WAX AND GREASE REMOVER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use    Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

See section 16 for more information

The Valspar (Australia) Corporation Pty. Ltd.
203 Power Street
Glendenning, New South Wales 2761

For further information, please contact

E-mail address    sdshelpdesk@valspareurope.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Number    1-300-954-120

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
<td>(H304)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corrosion/Irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>(H315)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>(H319)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>(H336)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>(H373)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic Aquatic Toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>(H411)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable liquids</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
<td>(H225)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Classification according to 67/548/EEC
Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

Hazard symbols
F - Highly flammable
Xn - Harmful

R-code(s)
F;R11 - Xn;R20/21 - Xn;R65 - R66 - R53

2.2. Label Elements

Contains Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic, Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers), Ethylbenzene, Toluene

Signal word
DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS - EU (§28, 1272/2008)
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting
P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sodium carbonate to extinguish
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking
P273 - Avoid release to the environment

Labelling (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Contains Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic, Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)

Hazard symbols
F - Highly flammable
Xn - Harmful

R-phrases
R11 - Highly flammable
R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed
R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking
R53 - May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
R20/21 - Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin
**2.3. Other Hazards**

### Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS No</th>
<th>Weight-%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic</td>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>70 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>10 - 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>3 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>3 - 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>0.1 - 0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If this section is blank, there are no hazardous components per NOHSC guidelines.

### Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General Advice**
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact**
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Skin contact**
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**INHALATION**
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**INGESTION**
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms**
None known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to doctors**
Treat symptomatically.

### Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**
Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Not to be used for safety reasons: Strong water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning produces heavy smoke. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

HAZCHEM Code: 3YE

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions
Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

For emergency responders
Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up
Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvent cleaners. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling
Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Never use pressure to empty container. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Prevent product from entering drains. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

General hygiene considerations
When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions
Keep/store only in original container. Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place.
Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits
If $S^*$ appears in the OEL table, it indicates this chemical contains a skin notation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Australia</th>
<th>New Zealand</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)</td>
<td>TWA: 80 ppm</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm</td>
<td>STEL: 150 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 350 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>TWA: 217 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 150 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>STEL: 655 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm</td>
<td>TWA: 100 ppm</td>
<td>STEL: 20 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 434 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>TWA: 434 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 125 ppm</td>
<td>STEL: 125 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 543 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>STEL: 543 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>TWA: 400 ppm</td>
<td>TWA: 400 ppm</td>
<td>STEL: 400 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 983 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>TWA: 983 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>TWA: 200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 500 ppm</td>
<td>STEL: 500 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 1230 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>STEL: 1230 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm</td>
<td>S*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 191 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td>TWA: 188 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 150 ppm</td>
<td>STEL: 574 mg/m$^3$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological Limit Values:.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Australia</th>
<th>New Zealand</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)</td>
<td>1.5 g/L urine end of shift Methylhippuric acid</td>
<td>1.5 g/L urine end of shift Methylhippuric acid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide local exhaust ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and Body Protection
Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear anti-static clothing made of natural fibre or of high temperature resistant synthetic fibre.

Hand protection
There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical / chemical damage and poor maintenance. Wear protective gloves.

Respiratory Protection
When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Laminated PE/EVAL
No information available

Environmental exposure controls
Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained
Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Solvent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Clear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PH</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point / boiling range</td>
<td>82.5 °C / 180 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>7 °C / 45 °F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Flammability limit in air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Upper flammability limit:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lower flammability limit:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity</td>
<td>.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kinematic viscosity</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dynamic viscosity</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive Properties</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising Properties</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2. Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Weight</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation
None under normal processing.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Eye Contact
Causes serious eye irritation

Skin contact
CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION

INGESTION
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

INHALATION
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Numerical Measures of Toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ATEmix (oral)</th>
<th>ATEmix (dermal)</th>
<th>ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)</th>
<th>ATEmix (inhalation-vapour)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>81,895.00 Mg/kg</td>
<td>6,489.00 Mg/kg</td>
<td>8.00 Mg/l</td>
<td>58.00 Mg/l</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UNKNOWN ACUTE TOXICITY

0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity - Component Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Dermal LD50</th>
<th>Inhalation LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic</td>
<td></td>
<td>= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylenes (α-, m-, p- isomers)</td>
<td>= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>&gt; 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit) &gt; 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 5000 ppm (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>= 1870 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>= 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>= 72600 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>= 2600 mg/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>= 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>= 12.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin Corrosion/Irritation
CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation

Skin Sensitisation
Not applicable

Respiratory Sensitisation
Not applicable

Germ Cell Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Carcinogenicity
Not applicable

Reproductive toxicity
Not applicable

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Aspiration Hazard
Not applicable

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Marine Pollutant
This material meets the definition of a marine pollutant

Environmental Precautions
Prevent product from entering drains.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>Fish</th>
<th>Crustacea</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic 64742-89-8</td>
<td>4700 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 | 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50  
30.26 - 40.75 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96h LC50  
7.711 - 9.591 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50  
23.53 - 29.97 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50  
= 19 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50  
= 780 mg/L Cyprinus carpio 96h LC50  
> 780 mg/L Cyprinus carpio 96h LC50  
13.5 - 17.3 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50  
= 13.4 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50  
13.1 - 16.5 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50  
= 0.6 mg/L Gammarus lacustris 48h LC50  
= 3.82 mg/L water flea 48h EC50 | -                                                                          | -                                                                          |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4          | 4.6 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50  
1.7 - 7.6 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50  
2.6 - 11.3 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50  
> 438 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50 | 32 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50  
9.1 - 15.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50  
= 9.6 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96h LC50  
11.0 - 18.0 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50  
= 4.2 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50  
7.55 - 11 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50 | 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50 |
| Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0      | > 1000 mg/L Desmodesmus subspicatus 72 h EC50  
> 1000 mg/L Desmodesmus subspicatus 96 h HC50 | 9640 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50  
> 140000 µg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50  
= 11130 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50 | 13299 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50 |
| Toluene 108-88-3               | 12.5 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h EC50  
> 433 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50 | 28.2 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96h LC50  
= 54 mg/L Oryzias latipes 96h LC50  
15.22 - 19.05 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50  
50.87 - 70.34 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96h LC50  
= 12.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50  
14.1 - 17.16 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50  
5.89 - 7.81 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50  
11.0 - 15.0 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h LC50  
= 5.8 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96h LC50 | 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L Daphnia magna 48h EC50 |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available
**Section 12: PROPERTIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)</td>
<td>3.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>3.118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>2.65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

No information available

**Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Waste from Residues/Unused Products**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging**

Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

**Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 UN/ID no UN1993

14.2 Proper Shipping Name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic
Xylenes

14.3 Hazard class 3

14.4 Packing group II

14.5 Environmental hazard Yes
Marine Pollutant This material meets the definition of a marine pollutant
Marine Pollutant Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic

14.6 Special Provisions 274

14.7 Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC CODE No information available

HAZCHEM Code: 3YE

The supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid (49 CFR 173.150(f)); Consumer Commodity (49 CFR 173.150(c), ICAO/IATA SP A112); Limited Quantity (49 CFR 173.150(b), ICAO Part 3 Chapter 4, IATA 2.7, IMDG Chapter 3.4); Viscous Liquid (49 CFR 173.121(b), IMDG 2.3.2.2, IATA 3.3.3.1.1, ICAO 3.2.2, ADR 2.2.3.1.5); Does Not Sustain Combustion (49 CFR 173.120(a), IATA 3.3.1.3, ICAO 3.1.3, IMDG 2.3.1.3, ADR 2.2.3.1.1 Note 1); or others as allowed under hazardous materials/dangerous goods regulations.

**Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**National Regulations**

Australia

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

**International Inventories**

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

All components are listed or exempt from listing

Product code KC10

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AUSE - AUSTRALIA GHS SDS
15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No information available

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

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Prepared by
Product Stewardship

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Revision note
Not applicable.

Disclaimer
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End of Safety Data Sheet